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One-dimensional graph perturbations of selfadjoint relations. (English) Zbl 0894.47021
Ann. Acad. Sci. Fenn., Math. 22, No. 1, 123-164 (1997).

Summary: Let A be a selfadjoint operator (or a selfadjoint relation) in a Hilbert space \mathfrak{H} , let Z be a one-dimensional subspace of \mathfrak{H}^2 such that $A \cap Z = \{0, 0\}$ and define $S = A \cap Z^*$. Then S is a closed, symmetric operator (or relation) with defect numbers $(1, 1)$ and, conversely, each such S and a selfadjoint extension A are related in this way. This allows us to interpret the selfadjoint extensions of S in \mathfrak{H} as one-dimensional graph perturbations of A . If $Z = \text{span}\{\varphi, \psi\}$, then the function $Q(l) = l[\varphi, \varphi] + [(A-l)^{-1}(l\varphi - \psi), \bar{l}\varphi - \psi]$, generated by A and the pair $\{\varphi, \psi\}$, is a Q -function of $S = A \cap Z^*$ and A . It belongs to the class \mathbf{N} of Nevanlinna functions and essentially determines S and A . Calculation of the corresponding resolvent operators in the perturbation formula leads to Kreĭn's description of (the resolvents of) the selfadjoint extensions of S . The class \mathbf{N} of Nevanlinna functions has subclasses $\mathbf{N}_1 \supset \mathbf{N}_0 \supset \mathbf{N}_{-1} \supset \mathbf{N}_{-2}$, each defined in terms of function-theoretic properties. We characterize the Q -functions belonging to each of these classes in terms of the pair $\{\varphi, \psi\}$. If $Q(l)$ belongs to the subclass \mathbf{N}_k , $k = 1, 0, -1, -2$, then all but one of the selfadjoint extensions of S have a Q -function in the same class, while the exceptional extension has a Q -function in $\mathbf{N} \setminus \mathbf{N}_1$.

In particular, if S is semibounded, the exceptional selfadjoint extension is precisely the Friedrichs extension. We consider our perturbation formula in the case where the Q -function $Q(l)$ belongs to the subclass \mathbf{N}_k , $k = 1, 0, -1, -2$, or if it is an exceptional function associated with this subclass. The resulting perturbation formulas are made explicit for the case that A or its orthogonal operator part is the multiplication operator in a Hilbert space $L^2(d\rho)$.

MSC:

- [47B25](#) Linear symmetric and selfadjoint operators (unbounded)
- [47A55](#) Perturbation theory of linear operators
- [47A57](#) Linear operator methods in interpolation, moment and extension problems
- [47A20](#) Dilations, extensions, compressions of linear operators
- [47B15](#) Hermitian and normal operators (spectral measures, functional calculus, etc.)

Cited in **24** Documents

Keywords:

selfadjoint operator; selfadjoint relation; symmetric operator; defect numbers; selfadjoint extension; graph perturbations; Nevanlinna functions; Kreĭn's description; Q -functions; orthogonal operator part; multiplication operator

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