

Komatsu, Takao**On inhomogeneous diophantine approximation and the Nishioka-Shiokawa-Tamura algorithm.** (English) [Zbl 0930.11049](#)*Acta Arith.* 86, No. 4, 305-324 (1998).

Given a real φ and an irrational ϑ such that $q\vartheta - \varphi$ is not integral for any integer q , let $\mathcal{M}(\vartheta, \varphi) = \liminf_{|q| \rightarrow \infty} (q \|q\vartheta - \varphi\|)$ be the inhomogeneous approximation constant for the pair ϑ, φ . The author uses an algorithm by *K. Nishioka, I. Shiokawa* and *J. Tamura* [*J. Number Theory* 42, 61-87 (1992; [Zbl 0770.11039](#))] which represents φ in terms of the continued fraction expansion of ϑ to evaluate $\mathcal{M}(\vartheta, \varphi)$ for certain classes of pairs such as $\vartheta = (\sqrt{ab(ab+4)} - ab)/(2a)$ and $\varphi = 1/a$ or $\varphi = 1/\sqrt{ab(ab+4)}$. (For earlier work by the author on the same subject see [*J. Number Theory* 62, 192-212 (1997; [Zbl 0878.11029](#))]).

Reviewer: [Gerhard Ramharter \(Wien\)](#)**MSC:**[11J20](#) Inhomogeneous linear forms[11J70](#) Continued fractions and generalizationsCited in **3** Reviews
Cited in **2** Documents**Keywords:**[Nishioka-Shiokawa-Tamura algorithm](#); [inhomogeneous approximation constant](#); [continued fraction expansion](#)**Full Text:** [DOI](#) [EuDML](#)