

Ganatsiou, C.

On a Gauss-Kuzmin type problem for piecewise fractional linear maps with explicit invariant measure. (English) [Zbl 0971.60101](#)

Int. J. Math. Math. Sci. 24, No. 11, 753-763 (2000).

Consider the map $T : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$ defined as

$$T(x) = \begin{cases} x/(1 - (N + 1)x) & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1/(N + 2), \\ (1 - kx)/x & \text{if } 1/(k + 1) < x \leq 1/k, 1 \leq k \leq N + 1, \end{cases}$$

where N is a fixed positive integer. According to *F. Schweiger* [*J. Aust. Math. Soc., Ser. A* 34, 55-59 (1983; [Zbl 0514.28012](#))], the map T has an invariant measure whose density can be expressed in closed form. The author derives a Gauss-Kuzmin-Lévy type theorem, that is, the asymptotic behaviour of $\mu((x : T^n x < y))$, $y \in [0, 1]$, as $n \rightarrow \infty$, where μ is a nonatomic probability measure on the Borel subsets of $[0, 1]$. The author's approach is via the theory of dependence with complete connections, see the reviewer and *S. Grigorescu* ["Dependence with complete connections and its applications" (1990; [Zbl 0749.60067](#))], and is patterned after the work of *S. Kalpazidou* in similar contexts [*Rev. Roum. Math. Pures Appl.* 30, 527-537 (1985; [Zbl 0576.60100](#)), and *Lith. Math. J.* 27, No. 1, 32-40 (1987) and *Litov. Mat. Sb.* 27, No. 1, 68-79 (1987; [Zbl 0644.10035](#))].

Reviewer: [Marius Iosifescu \(București\)](#)

MSC:

- [60K99](#) Special processes
- [28D05](#) Measure-preserving transformations
- [11K55](#) Metric theory of other algorithms and expansions; measure and Hausdorff dimension

Cited in 1 Document

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