

**Kim, Hong Kee**

**On rings with ascending chain conditions on right annihilators.** (English) Zbl 1077.16023  
EAMJ, East Asian Math. J. 20, No. 2, 177-186 (2004).

Let  $R$  be an associative ring with identity. The ring  $R$  is called: (i) orthogonally finite if  $R$  has no infinite sets of non-zero orthogonal idempotents; (ii) right Utumi if  $R$  is right non-singular and every non-essential right ideal of  $R$  has non-zero left annihilator; (iii) of bounded index (of nilpotence) if there exists a positive integer  $n$  such that  $a^n = 0$  for each nilpotent element  $a \in R$ ; (iv) right  $p$ -injective if for any principal right ideal  $I$  of  $R$ , any homomorphism  $I \rightarrow R$  extends to an endomorphism of  $R$ .

The author shows that  $R$  has ACC on right annihilators if and only if  $R$  is orthogonally finite and  $R$  has ACC on right annihilators containing no non-zero idempotents. Also, the property that  $R$  has ACC on right annihilators is characterized for several types of rings  $R$ , such as right non-singular right  $p$ -injective, right Utumi or semiprime of bounded index.

Reviewer: [Iuliu Crivei \(Cluj-Napoca\)](#)

**MSC:**

- [16P60](#) Chain conditions on annihilators and summands: Goldie-type conditions
- [16D80](#) Other classes of modules and ideals in associative algebras
- [16D50](#) Injective modules, self-injective associative rings

**Keywords:**

countable rings; ascending chain condition on annihilators; orthogonal idempotents; right Utumi rings; right  $p$ -injective rings