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Hypergraphs do not jump. (English) Zbl 0663.05047
Combinatorica 4, 149-159 (1984).

Let $G = G(V, E)$ be a graph on n vertices with $V =$ vertex set and $E =$ edge set $\subset V \times V$. The ratio of the number edges in the graph to the total number possible is called the density of G , i.e. $d(G) = |E|/\binom{n}{2}$. There is an unexpected “jump” in the density of a subgraph versus the graph itself. It follows by a theorem of Erdős, Stone and Simonovits that for any positive integer $m \geq 2$, real $0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$, and n sufficiently large, any graph on n vertices having density greater than α contains a subgraph on m vertices having density greater than $\alpha + c$, where c is some fixed, positive constant not depending on m or n . For example, in the class of complete ℓ -partite graphs whose partition classes are of size k there exist subgraphs which are complete m -points with densities $= 1$ that exceed $d(G)$ by more than $c = 1/(\ell + 1)$ for arbitrary $k > \ell$ and $2 \leq m \leq \ell$ (since in this case $d(G) = (k\ell + k)/(k\ell - 1)$).

In this interesting paper, the authors extend the problem to include r -uniform hypergraphs – graphs whose “edges” are r -element subsets of V (in this more general setting, $d(G) = |E|/\binom{n}{r}$). The precise definition for jump used here is: a real number $0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$ is a jump for r provided that for any positive c and any integer $m \geq r$, an r -uniform hypergraph with $n > n_0(\varepsilon, m)$ vertices and density at least $\alpha + \varepsilon$ contains a subgraph on m vertices with density at least $\alpha + c$, where $c = c(\alpha)$ does not depend on ε and m . By use of the Lagrange function on graphs and an analysis of complete ℓ -partite r -uniform graphs, the authors prove that the numbers $1 - 1/\ell^{r-1}$ for $\ell = 2r + 1, 2r + 2, \dots$ are not jumps if $r \geq 3$. This settles a question of Erdős who has offered a \$ 1,000 prize for the answer.

Reviewer: [D. Kay](#)

MSC:

[05C65](#) Hypergraphs

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