

Kiechle, Hubert

The kernel of an automorphic derivation and an application to normal subfields of generalized André-systems. (Der Kern einer automorphen Ableitung und eine Anwendung auf normale Teilkörper verallgemeinerter André-Systeme.) (German) [Zbl 0725.12006](#)
Arch. Math. 58, No. 5, 514-520 (1992).

Let Q be a quasifield and K a subfield (not necessary commutative) of the kernel of Q . A map $\phi : Q^* \rightarrow \text{GL}(Q, K)$; $a \rightarrow \phi_a$ ($Q^* := Q \setminus \{0\}$) is called a derivation, if the derived quasifield $Q^\phi := (Q, +, \circ)$ is a quasifield as well. Here $a \circ b := a\phi_a(b)$, $a \neq 0$ and $0 \circ b := 0$. The subgroup of $\text{GL}(Q, K)$ generated by $\phi(Q^*)$ is denoted by Δ_ϕ . If Q is a (skew)field and Δ_ϕ is contained in $\text{Aut}(Q)$, then ϕ is called automorphic and Q^ϕ is usually named a generalized André-system. The kernel of ϕ is the set $\text{Ker } \phi := \{a \in Q^*; \phi_{ax} = \phi_x\}$, and is a subgroup of Q^* .

This idea implicitly has been used before [*D. A. Foulser*, *Math. Z.* 100, 380–395 (1967; [Zbl 0152.18903](#)); *A. Herzer*, *Arch. Math.* 52, No. 1, 99–104 (1989; [Zbl 0633.51003](#))]. It proved very useful in the study of the structure of generalized André-systems.

Some relations between $\text{Ker } \phi$ and the nuclei, the fixed field of Δ_ϕ and the center of the derived quasifield are given. These results are used to generalize theorems on normal subfields of nearfields [cf. *H. Wähling*, *Theorie der Fastkörper*. Essen: Thales Verlag (1987; [Zbl 0669.12014](#)), (III.5.5)]. In the last section some examples are given.

Reviewer: [Hubert Kiechle \(München\)](#)

MSC:

[12K99](#) Generalizations of fields

Cited in 1 Review
Cited in 1 Document

Keywords:

derivation; generalized André-system; kernel; nuclei; fixed field; center of the derived quasifield; normal subfields of nearfields

Full Text: [DOI](#)

References:

- [1] J. André, Über nicht-Desarguessche Ebenen mit transitiver Translationsgruppe. *Math. Z.*60, 156-186 (1954). · [Zbl 0056.38503](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF01187370](#)
- [2] R. H.Bruck, A survey of binary systems, 2nd Printing. Berlin-Heidelberg-New York 1966. · [Zbl 0141.01401](#)
- [3] A. Caggegi and A. Herzer, The generalized André systems $A(F, ?, (g i), (f i), ?)$. *Abh. Math. Sem. Univ. Hamburg*58, 219-236 (1988). · [Zbl 0695.51001](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF02941379](#)
- [4] D. A. Foulser, A Generalization of Andre's Systems. *Math. Z.*100, 380-395 (1967). · [Zbl 0152.18903](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF01110421](#)
- [5] H. Hähle, Achtdimensionale lokalkompakte Translationsebenen mit großer Streckungsgruppe. *Arch. Math.*34, 231-242 (1980). · [Zbl 0443.51010](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF01224957](#)
- [6] A. Herzer, Zu einem Satz von H. Lüneburg über verallgemeinerte André-Ebenen. *Arch. Math.*52, 99-104 (1989). · [Zbl 0633.51003](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF01197979](#)
- [7] D. R.Hughes and F. C.Piper, Projective Planes. Berlin-Heidelberg-New York 1973.
- [8] H.Lüneburg, Translation Planes. Berlin-Heidelberg-New York 1980.
- [9] S. J. Tillman, The Multiplicative Group of Absolutely Algebraic Fields in Characteristic p . *Proc. Amer. Math. Soc.*23, 601-604 (1969). · [Zbl 0188.11102](#)
- [10] J. Timm, Zur Konstruktion von Fastringen I. *Abh. Math. Sem. Univ. Hamburg*35, 57-74 (1970). · [Zbl 0217.06402](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF02992475](#)
- [11] H. Wähling, Projektive Inzidenzgruppoiden und Fastalgebren. *J. Geom.*9, 109-126 (1977). · [Zbl 0351.50009](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF01918063](#)
- [12] H. Wähling, Normale Teilquasikörper eines Fastringes. Der Satz von Cartan-Brauer-Hua. *Math. Z.*158, 55-60 (1978). · [Zbl 0381.16020](#) · [doi:10.1007/BF01214565](#)

[13] H.Wähling, Theorie der Fastkörper. Essen 1987. · [Zbl 0669.12014](#)

This reference list is based on information provided by the publisher or from digital mathematics libraries. Its items are heuristically matched to zbMATH identifiers and may contain data conversion errors. It attempts to reflect the references listed in the original paper as accurately as possible without claiming the completeness or perfect precision of the matching.