

Mindu, N.; Mason, D. P.

Permeability models for magma flow through the Earth's mantle: a Lie group analysis.
(English) [Zbl 1266.86006](#)
J. Appl. Math. 2013, Article ID 258528, 8 p. (2013).

Summary: The migration of melt through the mantle of the Earth is governed by a third-order nonlinear partial differential equation for the voidage or volume fraction of melt. The partial differential equation depends on the permeability of the medium which is assumed to be a function of the voidage. It is shown that the partial differential equation admits, as well as translations in time and space, other Lie point symmetries provided the permeability is either a power law or an exponential law of the voidage or is a constant. A rarefactive solitary wave solution of the partial differential equation is derived in the form of a quadrature for the exponential law for the permeability.

MSC:

[86A99](#) Geophysics
[74J35](#) Solitary waves in solid mechanics
[35Q86](#) PDEs in connection with geophysics

Cited in 1 Document

Full Text: [DOI](#)

References:

- [1] D. R. Scott and D. J. Stevenson, "Magma solitons," *Geophysical Research Letters*, vol. 4, pp. 1161-1164, 1984.
- [2] D. Mckenzie, "The generation and compaction of partially molten rock," *Journal of Petrology*, vol. 25, no. 3, pp. 713-765, 1984. · [doi:10.1093/petrology/25.3.713](#)
- [3] V. Barcion and F. M. Richter, "Nonlinear waves in compacting media," *Journal of Fluid Mechanics*, vol. 164, pp. 429-448, 1986. · [Zbl 0587.76165](#) · [doi:10.1017/S0022112086002628](#)
- [4] D. Takahashi and J. Satsuma, "Explicit solutions of magma equation," *Journal of the Physical Society of Japan*, vol. 57, no. 2, pp. 417-421, 1988. · [doi:10.1143/JPSJ.57.417](#)
- [5] M. Nakayama and D. P. Mason, "Rarefactive solitary waves in two-phase fluid flow of compacting media," *Wave Motion*, vol. 15, no. 4, pp. 357-392, 1992. · [Zbl 0761.76097](#) · [doi:10.1016/0165-2125\(92\)90054-6](#)
- [6] S. E. Harris, "Conservation laws for a nonlinear wave equation," *Nonlinearity*, vol. 9, no. 1, pp. 187-208, 1996. · [Zbl 0892.35098](#) · [doi:10.1088/0951-7715/9/1/006](#)
- [7] G. H. Maluleke and D. P. Mason, "Optimal system and group invariant solutions for a nonlinear wave equation," *Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation*, vol. 9, no. 1, pp. 93-104, 2004. · [Zbl 1036.35010](#) · [doi:10.1016/S1007-5704\(03\)00018-2](#)
- [8] S. E. Harris and P. A. Clarkson, "Painlevé analysis and similarity reductions for the magma equation," *Symmetry, Integrability and Geometry*, vol. 2, paper 068, 17 pages, 2006. · [Zbl 1132.35328](#) · [doi:10.3842/SIGMA.2006.068](#) · [emis:journals/SIGMA/2006/Paper068/](#) · [eudml:53831](#)
- [9] G. H. Maluleke and D. P. Mason, "Derivation of conservation laws for a nonlinear wave equation modelling melt migration using Lie point symmetry generators," *Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation*, vol. 12, no. 4, pp. 423-433, 2007. · [Zbl 1110.35076](#) · [doi:10.1016/j.cnsns.2005.05.010](#)
- [10] M. Nakayama and D. P. Mason, "Compressive solitary waves in compacting media," *International Journal of Non-Linear Mechanics*, vol. 26, no. 5, pp. 631-640, 1991. · [Zbl 0754.76085](#) · [doi:10.1016/0020-7462\(91\)90015-L](#)
- [11] M. Nakayama and D. P. Mason, "On the existence of compressive solitary waves in compacting media," *Journal of Physics A*, vol. 27, no. 13, pp. 4589-4599, 1994. · [Zbl 0841.76087](#) · [doi:10.1088/0305-4470/27/13/032](#)
- [12] M. Nakayama and D. P. Mason, "On the effect of background voidage on compressive solitary waves in compacting media," *Journal of Physics A*, vol. 28, no. 24, pp. 7243-7261, 1995. · [Zbl 0877.35110](#) · [doi:10.1088/0305-4470/28/24/021](#)

This reference list is based on information provided by the publisher or from digital mathematics libraries. Its items are heuristically matched to zbMATH identifiers and may contain data conversion errors. It attempts to reflect the references listed in the original paper as accurately as possible without claiming the completeness or perfect precision of the matching.