

**Kudlaev, Eh. M.**

**Conditions for the weak convergence of distributions of separable statistics.** (English. Russian original) [Zbl 0624.60040](#)

*Math. Notes* 40, 928-932 (1986); translation from *Mat. Zametki* 40, No. 6, 762-769 (1986).

This paper describes the class of weak limits ( $n \rightarrow \infty, k_n \rightarrow \infty$ ) of the distributions of decomposable statistics of the form

$$\xi'_n = \sum_{k=1}^{k_n} f_{nk}(\theta_{nk}),$$

where  $f_{nk}, k = 1, \dots, k_n$  are real Borel functions defined on  $\mathbb{R}^{\ell+m}$  and the joint distributions of the random quantities  $\theta_{n1}, \dots, \theta_{nk_n}$  coincide with the conditional distribution of some independent random vectors  $(\eta_{nk}, \zeta_{nk}), k = 1, \dots, k_n$ , provided  $\eta_n \equiv \sum_{k=1}^{k_n} \eta_{nk} = y_n, \zeta_n \equiv \sum_{k=1}^{k_n} \zeta_{nk} = z_n$ .

Here for all values of  $n$  the distribution of the  $\ell$ -dimensional vector  $\eta_n$  is absolutely continuous in the Lebesgue measure, and the distribution of the vector  $\zeta_n$  is concentrated on the  $m$ -dimensional integer valued lattice.

The above-mentioned weak limits are expressed as an integral of the corresponding limiting conditional joint characteristic function of the vectors  $\eta_n$  and  $\zeta_n$ . The idea of the Le Cam-Holst method [*L. Le Cam*, *Publ. Inst. Stat. Univ. Paris* 7, No.3/4, 7-16 (1959; [Zbl 0083.138](#)); *L. Holst*, *Ann. Stat.* 7, 551-557 (1979; [Zbl 0406.62008](#)) and *Ann. Probab.* 9, 818-830 (1981; [Zbl 0471.60027](#))] is employed in the proof.

**MSC:**

[60F05](#) Central limit and other weak theorems

[60E10](#) Characteristic functions; other transforms

Cited in **2** Documents

**Keywords:**

class of weak limits; distributions of decomposable statistics; conditional joint characteristic function; Le Cam-Holst method

**Full Text:** [DOI](#)

**References:**

- [1] Yu. V. Prokhorov and Yu. A. Rozanov, ?The theory of probability,? in: *Mathematics Textbook Library* [in Russian], Nauka, Moscow (1973).
- [2] E. M. Kudlaev, ?On limiting conditional distributions of sums of random variables,? *Teor. Veroyatn. Primen.*,29, No. 4, 743-752 (1984). · [Zbl 0571.62008](#)
- [3] G. I. Ivchenko and V. V. Levin, ?Asymptotic normality in a sampling scheme without replacement,? *Teor. Veroyatn. Primen.*,23, No. 1, 97-108 (1978). · [Zbl 0425.62009](#)
- [4] Yu. I. Medvedev, ?Separable statistics in a polynomial scheme, I,? *Teor. Veroyatn. Primen.*,22, No. 1, 3-17 (1977).
- [5] V. F. Kolchin, ?A class of limit theorems for conditional distributions,? *Litov. Mat. Sb.*,8, No. 1, 53-63 (1968). · [Zbl 0235.60023](#)
- [6] V. F. Kolchin, B. A. Sevast'yanov and V. P. Chistyakov, *Random Permutations* [in Russian] Nauka, Moscow (1976).
- [7] L. Holst, ?Two conditional limit theorems with applications,? *Ann. Statist.*,7, No. 3, 551-557 (1979). · [Zbl 0406.62008](#) · [doi:10.1214/aos/1176344676](#)
- [8] L. Holst, ?Some conditional limit theorems with applications,? *Ann. Probab.*,9, No. 5, 818-830 (1981). · [Zbl 0471.60027](#) · [doi:10.1214/aop/1176994310](#)
- [9] L. Le Cam, ?Un theoreme sur la division d'une intervalle par des points pris au hasard,? *Publ. Inst. Statist. Univ. Paris*,7, 7-16 (1958). · [Zbl 0083.13803](#)
- [10] G. P. Steck, ?Limit theorems for conditional distributions,? *Univ. Calif. Publ. Statist.*,2, No. 12, 237-284 (1957). · [Zbl 0077.33104](#)
- [11] P. Billingsley, *Convergence of Probability Measures*, Wiley (1968). · [Zbl 0172.21201](#)

This reference list is based on information provided by the publisher or from digital mathematics libraries. Its items are heuristically matched to zbMATH identifiers and may contain data conversion errors. It attempts to reflect the references listed in the original paper as accurately as possible without claiming the completeness or perfect precision of the matching.