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Two remarks on homogeneous varieties of representations of groups. (Russian)

Zbl 0705.20005

Latv. Mat. Ezheg. 33, 84-91 (1989).

Let F be the free group with basis $X = \{x_i \mid i \in \mathbb{N}\}$ and kF be its group ring over a field k , $\text{char } k \neq 2, 3$. The Magnus embedding of kF into the algebra of formal power series $k[[z_i \mid i \in \mathbb{N}]]$ is given by $x_i \mapsto 1 + z_i$ ($i \in \mathbb{N}$). To any $u = u(x_1, \dots, x_m) \in kF$ there corresponds the series \hat{u} which can be uniquely represented as the sum $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} u_{\langle n \rangle}$ of its homogeneous components, the n th component $u_{\langle n \rangle}$ being a finite sum of monomials $\lambda_{(i)} z_{i_1} \dots z_{i_n}$ of degree n with coefficients $\lambda_{(i)}$ in k .

A variety \mathfrak{X} of group representations (over k) is said to be homogeneous iff from \hat{u} being an identity for \mathfrak{X} it follows that all its homogeneous components are also identities for \mathfrak{X} . It appears that the variety \mathfrak{S}_5 of group representations, given by the identities $z_1 z_2 z_3 z_4 z_5$ and $2z_1 z_2 z_1 - z_1 z_2^2 z_1$ is not homogeneous [the author, Sib. Mat. Zh. 29, 35-47 (1988; Zbl 0661.20003)]. Also, the variety of 3-unipotent representations of groups, given by z^3 is not homogeneous [Th. 2 in the present paper].

To formulate the main concern in this paper, one more notion is needed. An element $u \in kF$ is said to be a special word of type (n, m, k) iff the following holds: (1) $\{z_1, \dots, z_m\}$ serves as the support for every monomial in \hat{u} (2) t is minimal with $u_{\langle t \rangle}$ equals k and (3) $u_{\langle i \rangle} \notin \hat{Id}(u, \Delta^n)$ for some i , with $Id(u, \Delta^n)$ being the verbal ideal in kF containing u and $\Delta^n(k, F)$. The result about \mathfrak{S}_5 cited above follows from the fact that $u(x_1, x_2)$ with $\hat{u} = 2z_1 z_2 z_1 - z_1 z_2^2 z_1$ is a special word of type $(5, 2, 3)$. The author proves (Th.1): there exists no special word of type $< (5, 2, 3)$ with " $<$ " being the lexicographical order (from the left).

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MSC:

- 20C15 Ordinary representations and characters
- 20C07 Group rings of infinite groups and their modules (group-theoretic aspects)
- 16W60 Valuations, completions, formal power series and related constructions (associative rings and algebras)
- 16R10 T -ideals, identities, varieties of associative rings and algebras
- 20E10 Quasivarieties and varieties of groups

Keywords:

homogeneous variety of group representations; free group; group ring; Magnus embedding; algebra of formal power series; homogeneous components; special word