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Credible seed identification for large-scale structural network alignment. (English)

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Summary: Structural network alignment utilizes the topological structure information to find correspondences between nodes of two networks. Researchers have proposed a line of useful algorithms which usually require a prior mapping of seeds acting as landmark points to align the rest nodes. Several seed-free algorithms are developed to solve the cold-start problem. However, existing approaches suffer high computational cost and low reliability, limiting their applications to large-scale network alignment. Moreover, there is a lack of useful metrics to quantify the credibility of seed mappings. To address these issues, we propose a credible seed identification framework and develop a metric to assess the reliability of a mapping. To tackle the cold-start problem, we employ graph embedding techniques to represent nodes by structural feature vectors in a latent space. We then leverage point set registration algorithms to match nodes algebraically and obtain an initial mapping of nodes. Besides, we propose a heuristic algorithm to improve the credibility of the initial mapping by filtering out mismatched node pairs. To tackle the computational problem in large-scale network alignment, we propose a divide-and-conquer scheme to divide large networks into smaller ones and then match them individually. It significantly improves the recall of mapping results. Finally, we conduct extensive experiments to evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of our new approach. The results illustrate that the proposed method outperforms the state-of-the-art approaches in terms of both effectiveness and efficiency.

MSC:

- 68R10 Graph theory (including graph drawing) in computer science
- 68T05 Learning and adaptive systems in artificial intelligence
- 68T20 Problem solving in the context of artificial intelligence (heuristics, search strategies, etc.)

Keywords:

network alignment; seed identification; edge consistency; mapping credibility

Software:

L-GRAAL; MAGNA++; node2vec; SANA; SecGraph; SPINAL; struc2vec

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