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**On a class of elliptic systems in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .** (English) Zbl 0809.35020

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Summary: We consider a class of variational systems in  $\mathbb{R}^N$  of the form

$$-\Delta u + a(x)u = f(x, u, v), \quad -\Delta v + b(x)v = g(x, u, v)$$

where  $a, b : \mathbb{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are continuous functions which are coercive; i.e.,  $a(x)$  and  $b(x)$  approach plus infinity as  $x$  approaches plus infinity. Under appropriate growth and regularity conditions on the nonlinearities  $F_u(\cdot)$  and  $F_v(\cdot)$ , the (weak) solutions are precisely the critical points of a related functional defined on a Hilbert space of functions  $u, v$  in  $H^1(\mathbb{R}^N)$ .

By considering a class of potentials  $F(x, u, v)$  which are nonquadratic at infinity, we show that a weak version of the Palais-Smale condition holds true and that a nontrivial solution can be obtained by the generalized mountain pass theorem. Our approach allows situations in which  $a(\cdot)$  and  $b(\cdot)$  may have negative values, and the potential  $F(x, s)$  may grow either faster or slower than  $|s|^2$ .

**MSC:**

[35J60](#) Nonlinear elliptic equations

[35J50](#) Variational methods for elliptic systems

Cited in **1** Document

**Keywords:**

[weak Palais-Smale condition](#); [generalized mountain pass theorem](#)

**Full Text:** [EuDML](#) [EMIS](#)