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**Exposé V: Semi-stable reduction and crystalline cohomology with logarithmic poles.** (English) [Zbl 0852.14004](#)

Fontaine, Jean-Marc (ed.), Périodes  $p$ -adiques. Séminaire de Bures-sur-Yvette, France, 1988. Paris: Société Mathématique de France, Astérisque. 223, 221-268 (1994).

We say a scheme  $X$  over a discrete valuation ring  $A$  is with semi-stable reduction if étale locally on  $X$ , there is a smooth morphism  $X \rightarrow \text{Spec}(A[T_1, \dots, T_r]/(T_1 \cdots T_r - \pi))$  for some  $r \geq 0$ , where  $\pi$  is a uniformizing parameter. This condition is equivalent to the condition that  $X$  is regular, the generic fiber of  $X$  is smooth, and the closed fiber of  $X$  is a reduced divisor with normal crossings on  $X$ . Let  $A$  be a complete discrete valuation ring with field of fractions  $K$  and with residue field  $k$  such that  $\text{char}(K) = 0$ ,  $\text{char}(k) = p > 0$ , and  $k$  is perfect, and let  $K_0$  be the field of fractions of the ring  $W = W(k)$  of Witt vectors. Let  $X$  be a proper scheme over  $A$  with semi-stable reduction, and let  $Y = X \otimes_A k$ . Then, the crystalline cohomology group  $H_{\text{crys}}^m(Y/W) \otimes_W K_0$  ( $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ ) is not a “good cohomology” when  $Y$  is singular. However *U. Jannsen* conjectured [in: Galois groups over  $\mathbb{Q}$ , Proc. Workshop, Berkeley 1987, Publ., Math. Sci. Res. Inst. 16, 315-359 (1989; [Zbl 0703.14010](#))] that there is a “new crystalline cohomology group”  $D$ , which is a finite-dimensional  $K_0$ -vector space endowed with

- a bijection Frobenius-linear operator  $\varphi : D \rightarrow D$  called the Frobenius,
- a nilpotent operator  $\mathcal{N} : D \rightarrow D$  called the monodromy operator, satisfying  $\mathcal{N}\varphi = p\varphi\mathcal{N}$ ,
- a  $K$ -isomorphism with the de Rham cohomology  $\rho : D \otimes_{K_0} K \xrightarrow{\sim} H_{DR}^m(X_K/K)$  ( $X_K = X \otimes_A K$ ).

This space  $D$  is a mixed characteristic analogue of the limit Hodge structure. The triple  $(D, \varphi, \mathcal{N})$  is constructed by *O. Hyodo* [*Compos. Math.* 78, No. 3, 241-260 (1991; [Zbl 0742.14015](#))] by using some de Rham-Witt complex with logarithmic poles. In this paper, we give another construction of  $(D, \varphi, \mathcal{N})$  using the crystalline cohomology theory with logarithmic poles and give the isomorphism  $\rho$ . The 4-ple  $(D, \varphi, \mathcal{N}, \rho)$  has the following further properties:

- $(D, \varphi, \mathcal{N})$  depends only on the scheme  $X \otimes_A A/m_A^2$  over  $A/m_A^2$  where  $m_A$  denotes the maximal ideal of  $A$ .
- The isomorphism  $\rho$  depends on a choice of a prime element  $\pi$  of  $A$ .

If we indicate the choice of  $\pi$  as  $\rho_\pi$ , we have  $\rho_{\pi u} = \rho_\pi \circ \exp(\log(u)\mathcal{N})$  for  $u \in A^\times$ , where we denote the  $K$ -linear operator on  $D \otimes_{K_0} K$  induced by  $\mathcal{N}$  by the same letter  $\mathcal{N}$ . The  $K$ -linear operator  $\rho_\pi \circ \mathcal{N} \circ \rho_\pi^{-1}$  on  $H_{DR}^m(X_K/K)$  is independent of the choice of  $\pi$ . As is shown by *O. Hyodo* [loc. cit.], the triple  $(D, \varphi, \mathcal{N})$  is  $\otimes_W K_0$  of a triple  $(H, \varphi, \mathcal{N})$  with  $H$  a canonical defined  $W(k)$ -module of finite type. *L. Illusie* has proposed a method to show that the operator  $\mathcal{N} : H \rightarrow H$  is already nilpotent before  $\otimes_W K_0$ .

The theory of crystalline cohomology with logarithmic poles used in this paper is based on the theory of “logarithmic structures” of Fontaine-Illusie reported by *K. Kato* [in: Périodes  $p$ -adiques. Sémin. Bures-sur-Yvette 1988, Astérisque 223, 269-293 (1994; [Zbl 0847.14009](#))]. In fact, by using this theory of logarithmic structures, we construct  $(D, \varphi, \mathcal{N}, \rho)$  in this paper not only for  $X$  as above, but also for a scheme over  $A$  with a “smooth logarithmic structure whose reduction is of Cartier type” (for example, a product of schemes with semi-stable reduction is such a scheme). We give also the detailed study of the de Rham-Witt complexes with logarithmic poles associated to such general situation.

The subject of this paper is studied independently by *G. Faltings* [in: The Grothendieck Festschrift, Vol. II, *Prog. Math.* 87, 219-248 (1990; [Zbl 0736.14004](#))].

For the entire collection see [[Zbl 0802.00019](#)].

**MSC:**

- [14F30](#)  $p$ -adic cohomology, crystalline cohomology
- [14L30](#) Group actions on varieties or schemes (quotients)

Cited in **8** Reviews  
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**Keywords:**

logarithmic structures; semi-stable reduction; Witt vectors; crystalline cohomology group; Frobenius; monodromy operator; limit Hodge structure