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Modules in non-commutative logic. (English) [Zbl 0931.03068](#)

Girard, Jean-Yves (ed.), Typed lambda calculi and applications. 4th international conference, TLCA '99. L'Aquila, Italy, April 7–9, 1999. Proceedings. Berlin: Springer. Lect. Notes Comput. Sci. 1581, 14-24 (1999).

The question we want to investigate was expressed by *J.-Y. Girard* [Rend. Semin. Mat., Torino Fasc. Spec. 1987, 11-33 (1987; [Zbl 0667.03046](#))] as follows:

“Assume that I am given a program P [a proof-net Π], and that I cut it in two parts arbitrarily. I create two . . . modules, linked together by their border. Can I express that my two modules are complementary [orthogonal], in other terms that I can branch them by identification over their common border? One would like to define the type of the modules as their branching instructions; these branching instructions should be such that they authorized the restoring of the original P [the proof-net Π].”

Girard [loc. cit.] gave the solution for the multiplicative fragment of linear logic (MLL); another deep investigation of this question for MLL has been given by *V. Danos* and *L. Regnier* [Arch. Math. Log. 28, No. 3, 181-203 (1989; [Zbl 0689.03013](#))]. Here we present the first steps towards a solution of this question for the multiplicative fragment of non-commutative logic (MNL), which is a refinement of MLL and an extension of both MLL and the cyclic multiplicative linear logic. MNL was introduced by the author and *P. Ruet* [Non-commutative logic. I: The multiplicative fragment (Preprint, Univ. Roma Tre and McGill Univ.) (1998)].

The lines of Girard’s investigations [loc. cit.] are the basis for our investigations, since they can be improved and adapted also for MNL.

For the entire collection see [[Zbl 0911.00022](#)].

MSC:

[03F07](#) Structure of proofs

[03F52](#) Proof-theoretic aspects of linear logic and other substructural logics

[03B70](#) Logic in computer science

Keywords:

[proof nets](#); [partition](#); [restoration](#); [multiplicative fragment of non-commutative logic](#)