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**Singular Levi-flat real analytic hypersurfaces.** (English) Zbl 0931.32009

*Am. J. Math.* 121, No. 1, 23-53 (1999).

Let  $M$  be a real analytic hypersurface in  $\mathbb{C}^n$  defined by a real analytic function  $r$ . First, we assume that  $M$  is smooth. Then,  $M$  is called Levi-flat, if it is foliated by smooth holomorphic hypersurfaces in  $\mathbb{C}^n$ . More precisely, for a point  $p \in M$  with  $dr(p) \neq 0$ ,  $M$  is Levi-flat near  $p$  if and only if the rank of the Levi-matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & r_{z\bar{z}} \\ r_z & r_{z\bar{z}} \end{pmatrix}$  is equal to 2.

In case where  $M$  has a singularity, we define the concept of Levi-flat in the following manner: Let  $M^*$  denote the smooth locus of  $M$ , i.e., the set of points  $p \in M$  such that near  $p$   $M$  is real analytically isomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^{2n-1}$ . If  $M^*$  is Levi-flat, then we say that  $M$  is Levi-flat. Singular Levi-flat real analytic sets occur as invariant sets of integrable holomorphic Hamiltonian systems.

This article establishes basic theory of singular Levi-flat real analytic hypersurfaces at double points. There are two main results. Let  $z_1, z_2, \dots, z_n$  denote the complex coordinates on  $\mathbb{C}^n$ . Let  $M$  be a Levi-flat real analytic hypersurface defined by a function in the form  $q(z) + H(z)$ , where  $q(z)$  is a real valued quadratic form in  $\operatorname{Re}(z_1), \operatorname{Re}(z_2), \dots, \operatorname{Re}(z_n), \operatorname{Im}(z_1), \operatorname{Im}(z_2), \dots, \operatorname{Im}(z_n)$ , and  $H(z)$  is a real analytic function with  $H(z) = O(|z|^3)$ .

**Theorem 1.1:** Assume that  $q(z) = \operatorname{Re}(z_1^2 + z_2^2 + \dots + z_n^2)$ . Then, near 0  $M$  is biholomorphically equivalent to the cone defined by  $\operatorname{Re}(z_1^2 + z_2^2 + \dots + z_n^2)$ .

**Theorem 1.2:** Assume that  $q(z)$  is positive definite on a complex line and its Levi-matrix has rank at least 2 at 0. Then, near 0  $M$  is biholomorphically equivalent to the cone defined by  $z_1\bar{z}_1 - z_2\bar{z}_2$ .

Besides the above two results, in the article we can find a lot of basic results on the subject.

Reviewer: [Tohsuke Urabe \(Ibaraki\)](#)

**MSC:**

[32V40](#) Real submanifolds in complex manifolds  
[32S25](#) Complex surface and hypersurface singularities

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**Keywords:**

singular Levi-flat real analytic hypersurfaces; double points

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