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**A multi-parameter interpolation functor and the Lorentz space  $L_{p\vec{q}}$ ,  $\vec{q} = (q_1, \dots, q_n)$ .** (English. Russian original) [Zbl 0973.46070](#)

*Funct. Anal. Appl.* 31, No. 2, 136-138 (1997); translation from *Funkts. Anal. Prilozh.* 31, No. 2, 79-82 (1997).

Summary: The real interpolation method, which stems from the basic Marcinkiewicz theorem, was introduced by Lons and Peetre. It is described by the functor

$$\Phi_{\theta q}(\varphi) = \left( \int_0^\infty (t^{-\theta} \varphi(t))^q \frac{dt}{t} \right)^{1/q}.$$

*J. Peetre* [“A theory of interpolation of normed spaces”, *Notes Math.* 39 (1968; [Zbl 0162.44502](#))] noticed that under some general conditions on  $\Phi$  this functor defines an interpolation method that shares many properties of the real method. The central result in this area is the reiteration theorem

$$(\overline{A_{\Phi_1}}, \overline{A_{\Phi_2}})_F = \overline{A_{F(\Phi_1, \Phi_2)}}, \quad (1)$$

which asserts that the interpolation problem for a couple  $A_{\Phi_1}, A_{\Phi_2}$  can be reduced to the interpolation of the parameters  $\Phi_1$  and  $\Phi_2$  [see *V. I. Dmitriev*, and *V. I. Ovchinnikov*, *Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR* 246, 794-797 (1979; [Zbl 0432.46067](#))]. In the present paper, we introduce a functor  $\Phi_{\theta\vec{q}}$ ,  $\vec{q} = (q_1, \dots, q_n)$  that generates a many-parameter Lorentz space  $L_{p\vec{q}}$ . We study interpolation properties of these spaces, which, according to (1), solve the reiteration problem for the corresponding method. The suggested many-parameter interpolation method permits one to describe some finer scales of the Besov spaces  $B_{p\vec{q}}^\alpha$  and to refine the bilinear interpolation theorem.

**MSC:**

**46M35** Abstract interpolation of topological vector spaces

**46E30** Spaces of measurable functions ( $L^p$ -spaces, Orlicz spaces, Köthe function spaces, Lorentz spaces, rearrangement invariant spaces, ideal spaces, etc.)

**Keywords:**

real interpolation method; Marcinkiewicz theorem; reiteration theorem; many-parameter interpolation method; bilinear interpolation theorem

**Full Text:** [DOI](#)

**References:**

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