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**A note on Hammersley's inequality for estimating the normal integer mean.** (English)

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[Int. J. Math. Math. Sci.](#) 2003, No. 34, 2147-2156 (2003).

Summary: Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a normal  $N(\theta, \sigma^2)$  distribution with an unknown mean  $\theta = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$ . *J. M. Hammersley* [*J. R. Stat. Soc., Ser. B* 12, 192-240 (1950; [Zbl 0040.22202](#))] proposed the maximum likelihood estimator (MLE)  $d = [\bar{X}_n]$ , nearest integer to the sample mean, as an unbiased estimator of  $\theta$  and extended the Cramér-Rao inequality. The Hammersley lower bound for the variance of any unbiased estimator of  $\theta$  is significantly improved, and the asymptotic (as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ ) limit of Fraser-Guttman-Bhattacharyya bounds is also determined. A limiting property of a suitable distance is used to give some plausible explanations why such bounds cannot be attained. An almost uniformly minimum variance unbiased (UMVU) like property of  $d$  is exhibited.

**MSC:**

[62F10](#) Point estimation

[62F12](#) Asymptotic properties of parametric estimators

Cited in **2** Documents

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